# Enhancing Access to Justice through Judicial Reform in China

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### Backgrounds

- In recent past 10 years, the most demanding tasks were: to fulfill the people's needs in education, medicare, employment, and access to justice.
- Gradual maturation of the civil society.
- The judiciary is becoming competent to meet the challenge

#### 1. Developing ADR

- Oriental experience: People;s Mediation and its new face
- Arbitration
- Commercial Mediation
- Administrative Dispute Resolution
- Court's role in the process

## 2. Enlarging the scope of judicial jurisdiction

- From the Executive dominated to the Judiciary Dominated model
- For instance, damage of Stock right cases, Land contract cases in villages, Personnel management cases, labor disputes, are now under the jurisdiction of the judiciary.
- From exceptional to regular function

## 3. Lower the court fees for litigants

- In China, the litigants' main expense is court fees and lawyer's fees. In 2006, the court fees are lowered in a wide range with great amount, but a new regulation of Court Fees.
- Under 10,000 yuan, 50 yuan court fee per case; but before the limit is 1000 yuan.
- Above 10,000 yuan, 2.5% of the amount at issue will be court fees

- 50% discount when cases resolved by mediation, summary trial, and withdrawal.
- Enforcement first, then paying court fees.
- Now, a labor management dispute, if mediated during court proceeding, cost only 5 yuan (equivalent to 70 cents in US dollar.)

#### 4. Simplifying judicial procedures

- Summary procedure reform: 70% civil cases
- Enlargement of the scope of summary procedure application
- Development of speedy trial
- Small claim proceeding

#### 5. Improving court management

- Court management is mainly under the court's function
- Case management: Caseflow management, case quality evaluation,
- Personnel management: judicial performance evaluation

#### 6. For people's convenience

- This is from the concept of "for the people" and judicial democracy.
- Measures providing conditions for an effective and easy access to justice: "for the people's convenience desk", litigation guide, prompt reaction to enquiry, circuit hearing, legal awareness education, judicial assistance network, weekend court, night court, no "no", ......

#### 7. State's relief to criminal victims

- People with poor living conditions and needy medical treatment because of the offence
- Offender is unable to pay the damage
- Before the ordinary social security process begins.
- Procedure of state's relief
- Financial resources

### 8. Translating People's opinions into Judicial Process

- People's accessors' system reform
- People's Congress' supervision over judiciary
- Mechanism of Inviting and collecting people's opinions about judicial work

#### 9. Legal Aid Development

- Regulation on legal aid, 2003
- 1,350,000 legal aid case in the past 5 years, 2,370,000 people got legal aid
- 520 million Yuan of Appropriation by the Gov in 2007, 30% increase than last year
- 3259 legal aid organizations in China, and 55,000 legal aid stations.

#### 10. High tech application

- The Chief Justice calls upon that high-tech can make the judiciary stronger.
- Data base of legal resources development
- Assisted by computer to make proper sentence
- Online filing;
- Teleconference;
- Caseflow management.

